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# Recombinant Human SELENOI/EPT1 Protein (GST Tag)

Catalog Number: PKSH032407

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

#### Description

Species Human

Source E.coli-derived Human SELENOI; EPT1 protein Met 1-Pro50, with an N-terminal GST

 Mol\_Mass
 32.6 kDa

 Accession
 Q9C0D9

**Bio-activity** Not validated for activity

### **Properties**

**Purity** > 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

**Endotoxin**  $< 1.0 \text{ EU per } \mu \text{g}$  of the protein as determined by the LAL method. **Storage** Storage Sto

**Shipping** This product is provided as liquid. It is shipped at frozen temperature with blue ice/gel

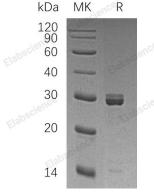
packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at < - 20°C.

Formulation Supplied as a 0.2 µm filtered solution of 20mM Tris-HCl, 150mM NaCl, 1mM EDTA,

pH 8.0.

**Reconstitution** Not Applicable

#### Data



> 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

## Background

Ethanolaminephosphotrans ferase 1 (EPT1) is an enzyme that belongs to the CDP-Alcohol Phosphatidyltrans ferase Clas s-I Family. EPT1 is a Selenoprotein, which contains a Selenocysteine (Sec) residue at its active site. The Selenocysteine is encoded by the UGA codon that normally signals translation termination. The 3' UTR of Selenoprotein genes have a common stem-loop structure, the sec insertion sequence (SECIS), that is necessary for the recognition of UGA as a Sec codon rather than as a stop signal. EPT1 catalyzes Phosphatidylethanolamine biosynthesis from CDP-Ethanolamine. It plays a central role in the formation and maintenance of vesicular membranes. EPT1 is involved in the formation of Phosphatidylethanolamine via the 'Kennedy' pathway.