

Recombinant Mouse Coagulation Factor X/F10 Protein (His Tag)

Catalog Number: PKSM040986

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

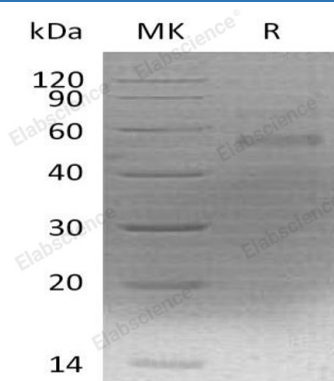
Description

| | |
|---------------|--|
| Species | Mouse |
| Source | HEK293 Cells-derived Mouse Coagulation Factor X/F10 protein Gly21-Asn481, with an C-terminal His |
| Calculated MW | 34.6&18.4 kDa |
| Observed MW | 50-60&20-28 kDa |
| Accession | O88947 |
| Bio-activity | Not validated for activity |

Properties

| | |
|----------------|---|
| Purity | > 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE. |
| Endotoxin | < 1.0 EU per µg of the protein as determined by the LAL method. |
| Storage | Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80 °C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months. |
| Shipping | This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs. |
| Formulation | Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution of 20mM MES, 150mM NaCl, 1mM CaCl ₂ , pH 7.5. Normally 5% - 8% trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween 80 are added as protectants before lyophilization. Please refer to the specific buffer information in the printed manual. |
| Reconstitution | Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information. |

Data



> 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

Background

Mouse coagulation factor X / F10 is a member of the peptidase S1 family. The mature F10 is composed mostly of two EGF-like domains, one Gla gamma-carboxy-glutamate domain and one peptidase S1 domain. Factor Xa is a vitamin K-dependent plasma protease that converts prothrombin to thrombin in the presence of factor Va, calcium and phospholipid during blood clotting. The two chains of F10 are formed from a single-chain precursor by the excision of two Arg residues. A single-chain precursor is initially synthesized in the liver. The light and heavy chains are linked together by disulfide bonds. The light chain contains a Gla and two EGF-like domains. The heavy chain corresponds to the serine protease domain. It can form a heterodimer with SERPINA5.