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PE/Cyanine 5 Anti-Human CD197/CCR7 Antibody [G043H7]

Catalog Number: E-AB-F1159G

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description

Reactivity Human Mouse Host

Isotype Mouse IgG2a, ĸ

Clone No. G043H7

PE/Cyanine5 Mouse IgG2a, κ Isotype Control[C1.18.4] [Product E-AB-F09802G] Isotype Control

Conjugation

Conjugation Information PE/Cyanine5 is designed to be excited by the Blue (488 nm), Green (532 nm) and

yellow-green (561 nm) lasers and detected using an optical filter centered near 670 nm

(e.g., a 690/50 nm bandpass filter).

Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% stabilizer. Storage Buffer

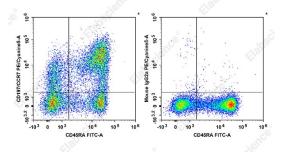
Applications Recommended usage

FCM Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by flow cytometric analysis. The amount

of the reagent is suggested to be used 5 µL of antibody per test (million cells in 100 μL staining volume or per 100 μL of whole blood). Please check your vial before the experiment. Since applications vary, the appropriate dilutions must be determined for

individual use.

Data



Human peripheral blood lymphocytes are stained with FITC Anti-Human CD45RA Antibody and PE/Cyanine5 Anti-Human CD197/CCR7 Antibody[G043H7] (Left). Lymphocytes are stained with FITC Anti-Human CD45RA Antibody and PE/Cyanine5 Mouse IgG2a, κ Isotype Control (Right).

Preparation & Storage

Storage Keep as concentrated solution.

This product can be stored at 2-8°C for 12 months. Please protected from prolonged

exposure to light and do not freeze.

Shipping Ice bag

Antigen Information

Alternate Names EBI1EVI1;CCR-7;CDw197;CMKBR7

For Research Use Only

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Uniprot ID Gene ID Background P32248 1236

CCR7, also known as CD197, is a chemokine receptor that binds CCL19 and CCL21. CCR7 and its ligands link innate and adaptive immunity by affecting interactions between T cells and dendritic cells and their downstream effect. Naïve T cells enter the lymph node through high endothelial venules, which express CCL21. Dendritic cells and macrophages enter the lymph node through afferent lymphatics. The encounter of T cells and dendritic cells in the T cell zone is CCR7-dependent. In addition, during immunological surveillance, B cells recirculate between B-cell-rich compartments (follicles or B cell zones) in secondary lymphoid organs, surveying for antigen. After antigen binding, B cells move to the boundary of B and T zones to interact with T-helper cells; this B cell migration is directed by CCR7 and its ligands. CCR7-positive cancer cell expression has been associated with lymph node metastasis.

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