## **Elabscience**®

## Elab Fluor<sup>®</sup> Red 780 Anti-Mouse CD4 Antibody[GK1.5]

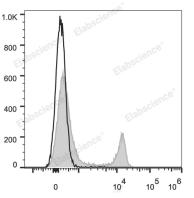
Catalog Number: E-AB-F1097US

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description	
Reactivity	Mouse
Host	Rat
lsotype	Rat lgG2b, κ
Clone No.	GK1.5
Isotype Control	Elab Fluor <sup>®</sup> Red 780 Rat IgG2b, κ Isotype Control[LTF-2] [Product E-AB-F09843S]
Conjugation	Elab Fluor <sup>®</sup> Red 780
Conjugation Information	Elab Fluor <sup>®</sup> Red 780 is designed to be excited by the Red (627-640 nm) laser and detected using an optical filter centered near 770 nm (e.g., a 780/60 nm bandpass filter).
Storage Buffer	Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% stabilizer and 1% protein protectant.
Applications	Recommended usage
FCM	Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by flow cytometric analysis. Please check your vial before the experiment. Since applications vary, the appropriate dilutions must be determined for individual use. We suggest each investigator should titrate the reagent to obtain optimal results [The recommended concentration is 0.1-1.ug/10 <sup>6</sup> cells

reagent to obtain optimal results [The recommended concentration is 0.1-1  $\mu$ g/10<sup>6</sup> cells in 100  $\mu$ L volume].





Mouse splenocytes are stained with Elab Fluor<sup>®</sup> Red 780 Anti-Mouse CD4 Antibody (filled gray histogram). Unstained splenocytes (blank black histogram) are used as control.

Preparation & Storag	ge
Storage	Keep as concentrated solution.
	This product can be stored at 2-8°C for 12 months. Please protected from prolonged
	exposure to light and do not freeze.
Shipping	Ice bag
Antigen Information	
Alternate Names	L3T4;T-cell surface antigen T4/Leu-3;T-cell surface glycoprotein CD4;T4
Uniprot ID	P06332
Gene ID	12504

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Background

CD4 is a 55 kD protein also known as L3T4 or T4. It is a member of the Ig superfamily, primarily expressed on most thymocytes, a subset of T cells, and weakly on macrophages and dendritic cells. It acts as a coreceptor with the TCR during T cell activation and thymic differentiation by binding MHC class II and associating with the protein tyrosin kinase, Ick.