M-CSF Polyclonal Antibody(Capture/Detector)

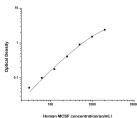
catalog number: AN000560P



Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description	
Reactivity	Human
Immunogen	Recombinant Human M-CSF protein expressed by E.coli
Host	Rabbit
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Purification	Antigen Affinity Purification
Conjugation	Unconjugated
buffer	Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.05% proclin 300.
Applications	Recommended Dilution
ELISA Capture	$2-8 \mu\text{g/mL}$
ELISA Detector	0.1 - $0.4 \mu\text{g/mL}$

Data



Sandwich ELISA-Recombinant Human M-CSF protein standard curve.Background subtracted standard curve using M-CSF antibody(AN000560P)(Capture),M-CSF antibody(AN000560P)(Detector) in sandwich ELISA.The reference range value for Recombinant Human M-CSF protein is 31.25-2000 pg/mL.

Preparation & Storage	
Storage	Store at 4°C valid for 12 months or -20°C valid for long term storage, avoid freeze /
	thaw cycles.
Shipping	The product is shipped with ice pack, upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended.

Background

Macrophage colony-stimulating factor 1,also known as CSF-1,M-CSF,Lanimostim and CSF1,is a single-pass membrane protein which is disulfide-linked as a homodimer or heterodimer. Granulocyte / macrophage colony-stimulating factors are cytokines that act in hematopoiesis by controlling the production,differentiation,and function of 2 related white cell populations of the blood,the granulocytes and the monocytes-macrophages. M-CSF/CSF-1 is known to facilitate monocyte survival,monocyte-to-macrophage conversion,and macrophage proliferation. M-CSF/CSF-1 is a secreted cytokine which influences hemopoietic stem cells to differentiate into macrophages or other related cell types. It binds to the Colony stimulating factor 1 receptor. M-CSF/CSF-1 may also be involved in development of the placenta. The active form of M-CSF/CSF-1 is found extracellularly as a disulfide-linked homodimer,and is thought to be produced by proteolytic cleavage of membrane-bound precursors. M-CSF/CSF-1 induces cells of the monocyte/macrophage lineage. It also plays a role in immunological defenses,bone metabolism,lipoproteins clearance,fertility and pregnancy. Upregulation of M-CSF/CSF-1 in the infarcted myocardium may have an active role in healing not only through its effects on cells of monocyte/macrophage lineage,but also by regulating endothelial cell chemokine expression.

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