

Elab Fluor® Violet 450 Anti-Mouse CD16/32 Antibody[2.4G2]

Catalog Number: E-AB-F0997Q

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description

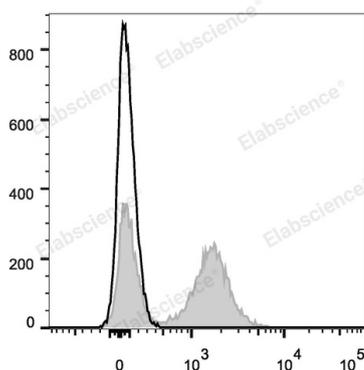
Reactivity	Mouse
Host	Rat
Isotype	Rat IgG2b, κ
Clone No.	2.4G2
Isotype Control	Elab Fluor® Violet 450 Rat IgG2b, κ Isotype Control[LTF-2] [Product E-AB-F09842Q]
Conjugation	Elab Fluor® Violet 450
Conjugation Information	Elab Fluor® Violet 450 is designed to be excited by the violet laser (405 nm) and detected using an optical filter centered near 450 nm (e.g., a 450/45 nm bandpass filter).
Storage Buffer	Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% stabilizer.

Applications

Recommended usage

FCM	Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by flow cytometric analysis. The amount of the reagent is suggested to be used 5 μL of antibody per test (million cells in 100 μL staining volume or per 100 μL of whole blood). Please check your vial before the experiment. Since applications vary, the appropriate dilutions must be determined for individual use.
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Data



C57BL/6 murine splenocytes are stained with Elab Fluor® Violet 450 Anti-Mouse CD16/32 Antibody (filled gray histogram). Unstained splenocytes (empty black histogram) are used as control.

Preparation & Storage

Storage	Keep as concentrated solution. This product can be stored at 2-8°C for 24 months. Please protected from prolonged exposure to light and do not freeze.
Shipping	Ice bag

Antigen Information

Alternate Names	CD16a/b;CD32;CD32A/B;FCG2A;FCGR2A/BFCGR3;FCGR3A/B;Fc fragment of IgG low affinity IIIa/b receptor;Fc fragment of IgG low affinity IIIb receptor;Fc fragment of IgG low affinity IIa/b receptor;Fc gamma RIla/bFc gamma receptor III A/B;FcGR
Uniprot ID	P08508;P08101

For Research Use Only

Gene ID

14130;14131

Background

CD16 is low affinity IgG Fc receptor III (FcR III) and CD32 is FcR II. CD16/CD32 are expressed on B cells, monocytes/macrophages, NK cells, granulocytes, mast cells, and dendritic cells. The Fc receptors bind antibody-antigen immune complexes and mediate adaptive immune responses.