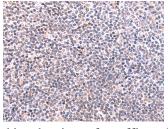
KIR3DL1 Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog Number:E-AB-19041

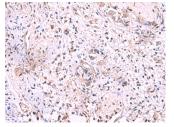


Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description	
Reactivity	Human
Immunogen	Fusion protein of human KIR3DL1
Host	Rabbit
Isotype	IgG
Purification	Antigen affinity purification
Conjugation	Unconjugated
Formulation	PBS with 0.05% NaN3 and 40% Glycerol,pH7.4
Applications	Recommended Dilution
IHC	1:50-1:300
ELISA	1:5000-1:10000
Data	



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human tonsil tissue using KIR3DL1 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:95(×200)



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human cervical cancer tissue using KIR3DL1 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:95(×200)

Preparation & Storage

Storage

Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

Background

Killer cell immunoglobulin-like receptors (KIRs) are transmembrane glycoproteins expressed by natural killer cells and subsets of T cells. The KIR genes are polymorphic and highly homologous and they are found in a cluster on chromosome 19q13.4 within the 1 Mb leukocyte receptor complex (LRC). The gene content of the KIR gene cluster varies among haplotypes, although several "framework" genes are found in all haplotypes (KIR3DL3, KIR3DP1, KIR3DL4, KIR3DL2). The KIR proteins are classified by the number of extracellular immunoglobulin domains (2D or 3D) and by whether they have a long (L) or short (S) cytoplasmic domain. KIR proteins with the long cytoplasmic domain transduce inhibitory signals upon ligand binding via an immune tyrosine-based inhibitory motif (ITIM), while KIR proteins with the short cytoplasmic domain lack the ITIM motif and instead associate with the TYRO protein tyrosine kinase binding protein to transduce activating signals. The ligands for several KIR proteins are subsets of HLA class I molecules; thus, KIR proteins are thought to play an important role in regulation of the immune response.

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