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Purified Anti-Mouse CD62L Antibody[MEL-14]

catalog number: E-AB-F1011A

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description

Reactivity Mouse Host Rat

IsotypeRat IgG2a, κ CloneMEL-14ConjugationUnconjugated

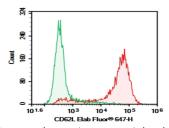
Buffer Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.05% non-protein stabilizer.

Dialyze to completely remove the stabilizer prior to labeling.

Applications Recommended Dilution

FCM $2 \mu g/mL(0.5 \times 10^6 - 1 \times 10^6 \text{ cells})$

Data



C57/BL6 Mouse splenocytes were stained with 0.2 μg Purified Anti-Mouse CD62L Antibody[MEL-14] (Right) and 0.2 μg Rat IgG2a, κ Isotype Control (Left), followed by FITC-conjugated Goat Anti-Rat IgG Secondary Antibody.

Preparation & Storage

Storage Storage, avoid freeze /

thaw cycles.

Shipping Ice bag

Background

CD62L is a 74-95 kD glycoprotein also known as L-selectin, LECAM-1, Ly-22, LAM-1, and MEL-14. It is a member of the selectin family and is expressed on the majority of B and naive T cells, a subset of memory T cells, monocytes, granulocytes, most thymocytes, and a subset of NK cells. CD62L is important in lymphocyte homing to high endothelial venules (HEV) in peripheral lymph nodes and leukocyte 'rolling' on activated endothelium. CD62L also contributes to neutrophil emigration at inflammatory sites. CD62L is rapidly shed from lymphocytes and neutrophils upon cellular activation and the expression levels of CD62L (in conjunction with other markers) have been used to distinguish naive, effector, and memory T cells. CD62L has been reported to interact with CD34, GlyCAM-1, and MAdCAM-1.