A Reliable Research Partner in Life Science and Medicine

Recombinant Carbonic Anhydrase XIV/CA14 Monoclonal Antibody

catalog number: AN300091P

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

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Reactivity Human

Immunogen Recombinant Human Carbonic Anhydrase XIV / CA14 Protein

HostRabbitIsotypeIgGClone6H2PurificationProtein A

Buffer 0.2 µm filtered solution in PBS

Applications	Recommended Dilution

IHC-P 1:100-1:500 **ICC/IF** 1:20-1:100

Preparation & Storage

Storage This antibody can be stored at 2°C-8°C for one month without detectable loss of

activity. Antibody products are stable for twelve months from date of receipt when stored at -20°C to -80°C. Preservative-Free. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Shipping Ice bag

Background

The carbonic anhydrases (or carbonate dehydratases) are classified as metalloenzyme for its zinc ion prosthetic group and form a family of enzymes that catalyze the rapid interconversion of carbon dioxide and water to bicarbonate and protons, a reversible reaction that takes part in maintaining acid-base balance in blood and other tissues. The carbonic anhydrasekl (CA) family consists of at least 11 enzymatically active members and a few inactive homologous proteins. CAXIV is a member of CA family that showed an overall similarity of 29–46% to other active CA isozymes. The highest percentage similarity was with a transmembrane CA isoform, CAXII. The CAXIV was found high concentrations in human heart, brain, liver, and skeletal muscle but lower in the colon, small intestine, urinary bladder, and kidney. No CAXIV mRNA was seen in the salivary gland and pancreas. CAXIV is a likely candidate for the extracellular CA postulated to have an important role in modulating excitatory synaptic transmission in brain.