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Recombinant Mouse ESM1 Protein(His Tag)

Catalog Number: PDMM100103

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description				
Species	Mouse			
Source	Mammalian-derived Mouse ESM1 proteins Ala22-Arg184, with an C-terminal His			
Calculated MW	17.8 kDa			
Observed MW	18 kDa			
Accession	Q9QYY7			
Bio-activity	Not validated for activity			
Properties				
Purity	> 90% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.			
Endotoxin	< 1.0 EU/mg of the protein as determined by the LAL method			
Storage	Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -8			
	°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots o			
	reconstituted samples are stable at $< -20^{\circ}$ C for 3 months.			
Shipping	This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.			
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 μ m filtered solution in PBS with 5% Trehalose and 5%			
	Mannitol.			
Reconstitution	It is recommended that sterile water be added to the vial to prepare a stock solution of			
	0.5 mg/mL. Concentration is measured by UV-Vis.			

Data

kDa	М	R	
80	-		
60	-		
40	-		
30	-		
20	-	-	
12			

SDS-PAGE analysis of Mouse ESM1 proteins, 2 µg/lane of Recombinant Mouse ESM1 proteins was resolved with an SDS-PAGE under reducing conditions, showing bands at 17.8KD

Background

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ESM1 is a secreted protein which is produced by adipocytes. It has been noticed that ESM1 may play some role in obesity-associated vascular disease since circulating ESM-1 levels are reduced in the overweight and obese. ESM1 is mainly expressed in the endothelial cells in human lung and kidney tissues. The expression of ESM1 gene is regulated by cytokines, suggesting that it may play a role in endothelium-dependent pathological disorders. Recently, ESM1 has been described as a specific biomarker of tip cells during neoangiogenesis. Its expression has been shown to be increase in presence of pro-angiogenic growth factors such as VEGF or FGF-2. In hypervascularized cancers, overexpression of endocan has been detected by immunohistochemistry using monoclonal antibodies against ESM1.