

## Recombinant Human Follistatin/FST Protein (Fc Tag)

**Catalog Number:** PKSH031489

**Note:** Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

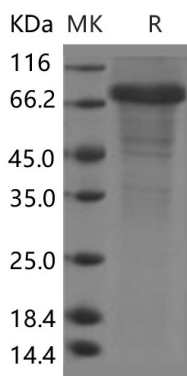
### Description

<b>Species</b>	Human
<b>Source</b>	HEK293 Cells-derived Human Follistatin/FST protein Met 1-Trp 344, with an C-terminal hFc
<b>Calculated MW</b>	61.7 kDa
<b>Observed MW</b>	70 kDa
<b>Accession</b>	NP_037541.1
<b>Bio-activity</b>	1. Measured by its ability to bind human INHBA-his in a functional ELISA. 2. Measured by its ability to bind mouse INHBA-his in a functional ELISA. 3. Measured by its ability to neutralize Activin-mediated inhibition on MPC11 cell proliferation. The ED <sub>50</sub> for this effect is typically 0.5-3 µg/mL in the presence of 10 ng/ml Recombinant Human ctivin A.

### Properties

<b>Purity</b>	> 85 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.
<b>Endotoxin</b>	< 1.0 EU per µg of the protein as determined by the LAL method.
<b>Storage</b>	Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80 °C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.
<b>Shipping</b>	This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.
<b>Formulation</b>	Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4 Normally 5% - 8% trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween 80 are added as protectants before lyophilization. Please refer to the specific buffer information in the printed manual.
<b>Reconstitution</b>	Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.

### Data



> 85 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

### Background

### For Research Use Only

Follistatin is a single-chain gonadal protein that specifically inhibits follicle-stimulating hormone release. The single FST gene encodes two isoforms; FST317 and FST344 containing 317 and 344 amino acids respectively; resulting from alternative splicing of the precursor mRNA. In a study in which 37 candidate genes were tested for linkage and association with polycystic ovary syndrome (PCOS) or hyperandrogenemia in 150 families; evidence was found for linkage between PCOS and follistatin. follistatin are expressed and subserve local regulatory roles in numerous extragonadal tissues; including brain; adrenal; bone marrow; and placenta but perhaps most notably in anterior pituitary- the classical target tissue for inhibin; the activin-follistatin system may play a key role in early embryogenesis. Follistatin binds directly to activin and functions as an activin antagonist. Specific inhibitor of the biosynthesis and secretion of pituitary follicle stimulating hormone follistatin is a binding protein to activin. Since activin binds to follistatin; it is imperative to determine the nature of the activin/follistatin binding complex.