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PE/Elab Fluor® 594 Anti-Human CD55 Antibody[HI55a]

Catalog Number: AN00336P

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description

Reactivity Human Host Mouse

Isotype Mouse IgG2a, κ

Clone No. HI55a

Isotype Control

PE/Elab Fluor® 594 Mouse IgG2a, κ Isotype Control[C1.18.4] [Product E-AB-F09802P]

Conjugation PE/Elab Fluor® 594

Conjugation Information PE/Elab Fluor® 594 is designed to be excited by the blue (488 nm), Green (532 nm) and

yellow-green (561 nm) lasers and detected using an optical filter centered near 620 nm

(e.g., a 610/20 nm bandpass filter).

Storage Buffer Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% sodium azide and 1% BSA.

Applications Recommended usage

FCM Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by flow cytometric analysis. The amount

of the reagent is suggested to be used 5 μ L of antibody per test (million cells in 100 μ L staining volume or per 100 μ L of whole blood). Please check your vial before the experiment. Since applications vary, the appropriate dilutions must be determined for

individual use.

Preparation & Storage

Storage Keep as concentrated solution.

This product can be stored at 2-8°C for 12 months. Please protected from prolonged

exposure to light and do not freeze.

Shipping Ice bag

Antigen Information

Alternate Names Complement decay-accelerating factor;CD55;CR;DAF

 Uniprot ID
 P13591

 Gene ID
 1604

Background CD55 is a 60-70 kD glycosylphosphatidylinositol (GPI)-anchored single chain

glycoprotein also known as decay-accelerating factor (DAF). It is expressed on hematopoietic cells including erythrocytes and many non-hematopoietic cells. CD55 accelerates the dissociation of the components of the C3-convertases (namely C2a from C4b in the C4bC2a complex, a C3-convertase of the classical pathway, and factor Bb from the C3bBb complex, a C3-convertase of the alternative pathway) to protect cells from inappropriate damage caused by autologous complement. CD55 has been reported to reduce the efficiency of NK cell lysis and induce signal transduction in T cells. CD55 has also been shown to interact with CD97 and bind to Coxsackie and

Echovirus.

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