

## Hyaluronidase 1/HYAL1 Polyclonal Antibody(Capture/Detector)

**catalog number: AN000630P**

**Note:** Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

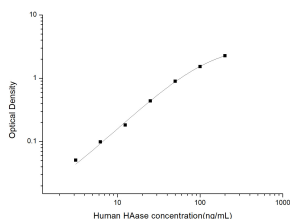
### Description

<b>Reactivity</b>	Human
<b>Immunogen</b>	Recombinant Human Hyaluronidase 1/HYAL1 protein expressed by Mammalian
<b>Host</b>	Rabbit
<b>Isotype</b>	Rabbit IgG
<b>Purification</b>	Antigen Affinity Purification
<b>Buffer</b>	Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.05% proclin 300.

### Applications Recommended Dilution

<b>ELISA Capture</b>	2-8 µg/mL
<b>ELISA Detector</b>	0.1-0.4 µg/mL

### Data



Sandwich ELISA-Recombinant Human Hyaluronidase 1/HYAL1 protein standard curve. Background subtracted standard curve using Hyaluronidase 1/HYAL1 antibody(AN000630P)(Capture), Hyaluronidase 1/HYAL1 antibody(AN000630P)(Detector) in sandwich ELISA. The reference range value for Recombinant Human Hyaluronidase 1/HYAL1 protein is 3.13-200 ng/mL.

### Preparation & Storage

<b>Storage</b>	Store at 4°C valid for 12 months or -20°C valid for long term storage, avoid freeze / thaw cycles.
<b>Shipping</b>	The product is shipped with ice pack, upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature recommended.

### Background

hyaluronic acid (HA) is a glycosaminoglycan that is believed to have numerous important biologic functions, including modulation of cell proliferation, migration, and differentiation, as well as the regulation of extracellular water and protein homeostasis. It is also an integral structural component of cartilage and other tissues and acts as a lubricant in joints. Hyaluronidases are a family of enzymes that catalyze the degradation of HA. In humans, there are five functional hyaluronidases: HYAL1, HYAL2, HYAL3, HYAL4 and HYAL5 (also known as SPAM1 or PH-20); plus a pseudogene, HYAL6 (also known as HYALP1). HYAL-1 is present in many tissues and is predominantly found in the plasma and urine (PMID: 16600643). In addition to its function in normal cellular hyaluronan turnover, human HYAL-1 is implicated in cancer proliferation, angiogenesis, and inflammatory diseases.

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