

A Reliable Research Partner in Life Science and Medicine

Elab Fluor® 700 Anti-Mouse CD86 Antibody[GL-1]

Catalog Number: E-AB-F0994M1

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

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Reactivity Mouse Host Rat

Isotype Rat IgG2a, κ

Clone No. GL-1

Isotype Control Elab Fluor[®] 700 Rat IgG2a, κ Isotype Control[2A3] [Product E-AB-F09832M1]

Conjugation Elab Fluor® 700

Conjugation Information Elab Fluor[®] 700 is designed to be excited by the Red laser (627-640 nm) and detected

using an optical filter centered near 719 nm (e.g., a 725/40 nm bandpass filter).

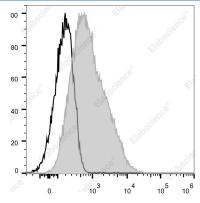
Storage Buffer Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% sodium azide and 1% BSA.

Applications Recommended usage

FCM

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by flow cytometric analysis. The amount of the reagent is suggested to be used 5 μ L of antibody per test (million cells in 100 μ L staining volume or per 100 μ L of whole blood). Please check your vial before the experiment. Since applications vary, the appropriate dilutions must be determined for individual use.

Data



Staining of C57BL/6 murine splenocytes with Elab Fluor® 700 Anti-Mouse CD86 Antibody[GL-1](filled gray histogram) or

Elab Fluor $^{\mbox{\scriptsize 6}}$ 700 Rat IgG2a, κ Isotype Control (empty black histogram) . Total viable cells were used for analysis.

Preparation & Storage

Storage Keep as concentrated solution.

This product can be stored at 2-8 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ for 12 months. Please protected from prolonged

exposure to light and do not freeze.

Shipping Ice bag

Antigen Information

Alternate Names Activation B7-2 antigen;Cd86;ETC-1;Early T-cell costimulatory molecule 1;T-lymphocyte

Web: www.elabscience.cn

activation antigen CD86

 Uniprot ID
 P42082

 Gene ID
 12524

For Research Use Only



Elabscience Biotechnology Co., Ltd.

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Background

CD86 is an 80 kD immunoglobulin superfamily member also known as B7-2, B70, and Ly-58. CD86 is expressed on activated B and T cells, macrophages, dendritic cells, and astrocytes. CD86, along with CD80, is a ligand of CD28 and CD152 (CTLA-4). CD86 is expressed earlier in the immune response than CD80. CD86 has also been shown to be involved in immunoglobulin class-switching and triggering of NK cell-mediated cytotoxicity. CD86 binds to CD28 to transduce co-stimulatory signals for T cell activation, proliferation, and cytokine production. CD86 can also bind to CD152, also known as CTLA-4, to deliver an inhibitory signal to T cells.