

## Elab Fluor® 700 Anti-Mouse CD115/CSF-1R Antibody[AFS98]

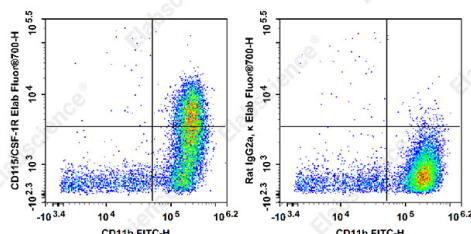
Catalog Number: E-AB-F1107M1

**Note:** Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description	
Reactivity	Mouse
Host	Rat
Isotype	Rat IgG2a, κ
Clone No.	AFS98
Isotype Control	Elab Fluor® 700 Rat IgG2a, κ Isotype Control[2A3] [Product E-AB-F09832M1]
Conjugation	Elab Fluor® 700
Conjugation Information	Elab Fluor® 700 is designed to be excited by the Red laser (627-640 nm) and detected using an optical filter centered near 719 nm (e.g., a 725/40 nm bandpass filter).
Storage Buffer	Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% sodium azide and 1% BSA.

Applications	Recommended usage
FCM	Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by flow cytometric analysis. <b>The amount of the reagent is suggested to be used 5 μL of antibody per test (million cells in 100 μL staining volume or per 100 μL of whole blood).</b> Please check your vial before the experiment. Since applications vary, the appropriate dilutions must be determined for individual use.

## Data



Staining of Balb/C murine abdominal macrophages with FITC Anti-Mouse/Human CD11b Antibody[M1/70] and Elab Fluor® 700 Anti-Mouse CD115/CSF-1R Antibody[AFS98] (left) or Elab Fluor® 700 Rat IgG2a, κ Isotype Control(right). Total viable cells were used for analysis.

Preparation & Storage	
Storage	Keep as concentrated solution. This product can be stored at 2-8°C for 12 months. Please protected from prolonged exposure to light and do not freeze.
Shipping	Ice bag
Antigen Information	
Alternate Names	CD115;CSF-1 receptor (EC:2.7.10.1);CSF-1-R;CSF-1R;Csf1r;Csfmr;Fms;M-CSF-R; Macrophage colony-stimulating factor 1 receptor;Proto-oncogene c-Fms
Uniprot ID	P09581

## For Research Use Only

**Gene ID**

12978

**Background**

CSF-1R, also known as CD115 and M-CSFR, is a single-pass type I membrane protein and member of the platelet-derived growth factor receptor family. This c-fms (Fms proto-oncogene) gene product's natural ligands include M-CSF and IL-34. Structural studies of CD115 have described an Ig-like extracellular domain, a transmembrane domain, an intracellular juxtamembrane domain, a split tyrosine kinase domain, and a C-terminal tail receptor. Receptor activation induces homodimerization in addition to phosphorylation and ubiquitination of intracellular residues. CD115 directly influences tissue macrophage and osteoclast differentiation and proliferation. It is expressed on monocytes/macrophages, peritoneal exudate cells, plasmacytoid and conventional dendritic cells, and osteoclasts.