

Recombinant Human ACE2 Protein (Fc Tag)

Catalog Number: PKSR030492

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

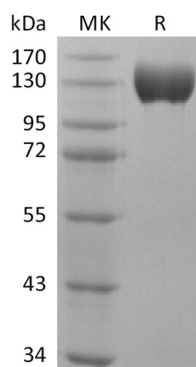
Description

Species	Human
Source	HEK293 Cells-derived Human ACE2 protein Gln18-Ser740, with an C-terminal Fc
Calculated MW	110.5 kDa
Observed MW	110-140 kDa
Accession	Q9BYF1
Bio-activity	Immobilized Human ACE-2-Fc(Cat#PKSR030492) at 2µg/ml (100 µl/well) can bind 2019-nCoV S Protein RBD-SD1-mFc(Cat#PKSR030476). The ED ₅₀ of Recombinant 2019-nCoV S Protein RBD-mFc(Cat#PKSR030476) is 15.5 ng/ml.

Properties

Purity	> 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.
Concentration	Subject to label value.
Endotoxin	< 1.0 EU per µg of the protein as determined by the LAL method.
Storage	Store at < -20°C, stable for 6 months. Please minimize freeze-thaw cycles.
Shipping	This product is provided as liquid. It is shipped at frozen temperature with blue ice/gel packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at < -20°C.
Formulation	Supplied as a 0.2 µm filtered solution of 20mM Tris-HCl, 300mM NaCl, 10% Glycerol, 100mM Glycine, pH7.4.

Data



> 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

Background

Angiotensin-Converting Enzyme 2 (ACE-2) is an integral membrane protein and a zinc metalloprotease of the ACE family, the ACE family includes somatic and germinal ACE. ACE-2 cleaves angiotensins I and II as a carboxypeptidase, ACE-2 converts angiotensin I to angiotensin 1-9, and angiotensin II to angiotensin 1-7. ACE-2 is also able to hydrolyze apelin-13 and dynorphin-13 with high efficiency. ACE-2 can be highly expressed in testis, kidney and heart, in colon, small intestine and ovary at moderate levels. Captopril and lisinopril as the classical ACE inhibitor don't inhibit ACE-2 activity. ACE-2 may play an important role in regulating the heart function.

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