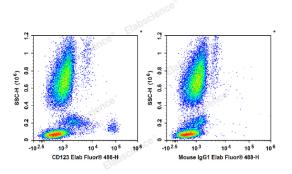
Elab Fluor[®] 488 Anti-Human CD123 Antibody[6H6]

Catalog Number: E-AB-F1117L

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description	
Reactivity	Human
Host	Mouse
Isotype	Mouse IgG1, ĸ
Clone No.	6H6
Isotype Control	Elab Fluor [®] 488 Mouse IgG1, к Isotype Control[MOPC-21] [Product E-AB-F09792L]
Conjugation	Elab Fluor [®] 488
Conjugation Information	Elab Fluor [®] 488 is designed to be excited by the Blue laser (488 nm) and detected using an optical filter centered near 520 nm (e.g., a 525/40 nm bandpass filter).
Storage Buffer	Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% stabilizer and 1% protein protectant.
Applications	Recommended usage
FCM	Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by flow cytometric analysis. The amount of the reagent is suggested to be used 5 μ L of antibody per test (million cells in 100 μ L staining volume or per 100 μ L of whole blood). Please check your vial before the experiment. Since applications vary, the appropriate dilutions must be determined for individual use.

Data



Human peripheral blood leucocytes are stained with Elab

Fluor[®] 488 Anti-Human CD123 Antibody (Left). Leucocytes are stained with Elab Fluor[®] 488 Mouse IgG1, κ Isotype Control (Right).

Preparation & Storag	ye
Storage	Keep as concentrated solution.
	This product can be stored at 2-8°C for 12 months. Please protected from prolonged
	exposure to light and do not freeze.
Shipping	Ice bag
Antigen Information	
Alternate Names	IL-3 Receptor alpha;IL-3Rα
Uniprot ID	P26951
Gene ID	3563

For Research Use Only

Toll-free: 1-888-852-8623 Web:<u>w w w .elabscience.com</u>

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Background

CD123 is the 70 kD transmembrane α chain of the IL-3 receptor. Alone, CD123 binds IL-3 with low affinity; when CD123 associates with CDw131 (common β chain), it binds IL-3 with high affinity. CD123 does not transduce intracellular signals upon binding IL-3 and requires the β chain for this function. CD123 is expressed by myeloid precursors, macrophages, dendritic cells, mast cells, basophils, megakaryocytes, and some B cells.